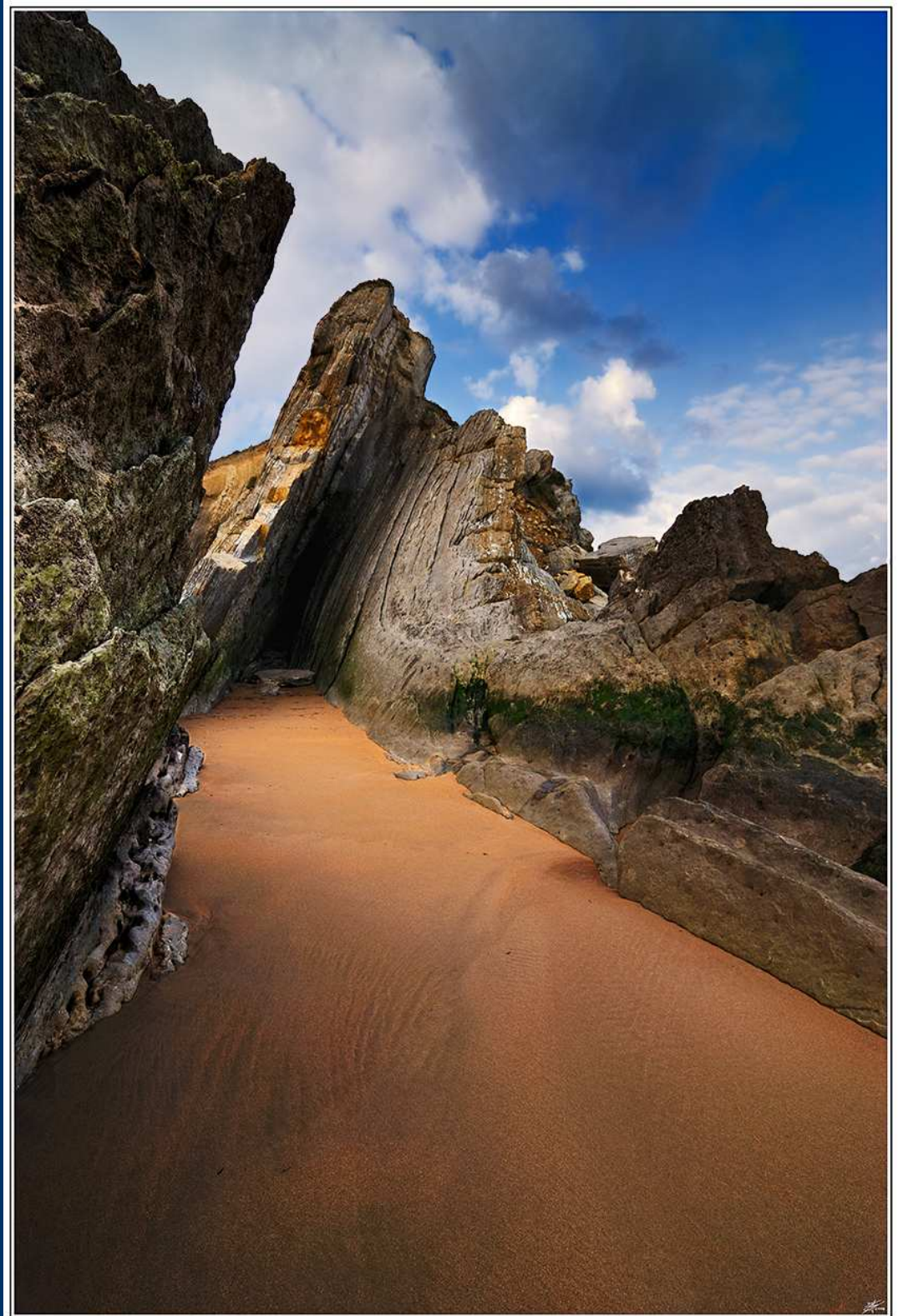


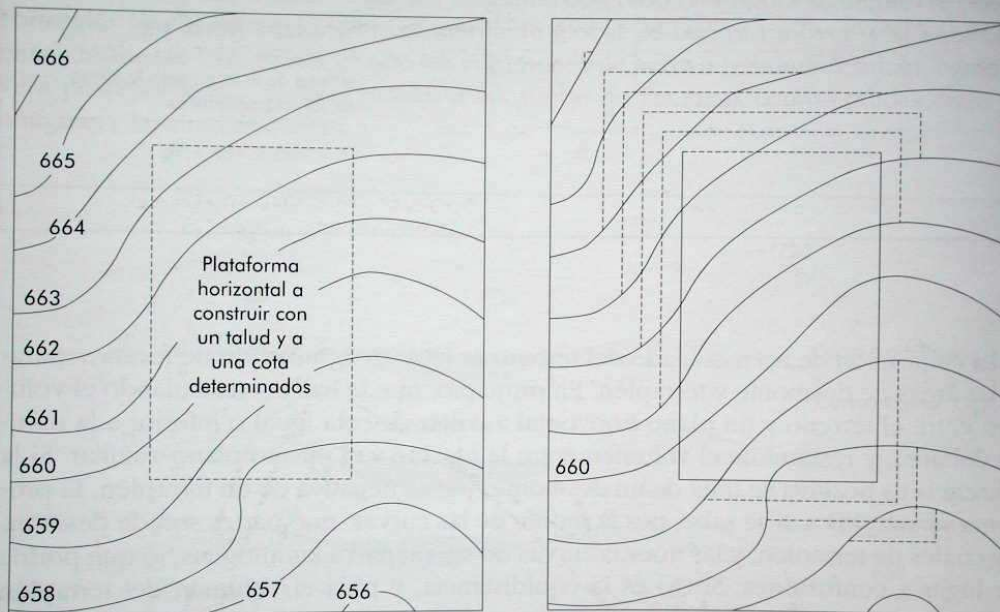
Naturaren baldintzak

geologia

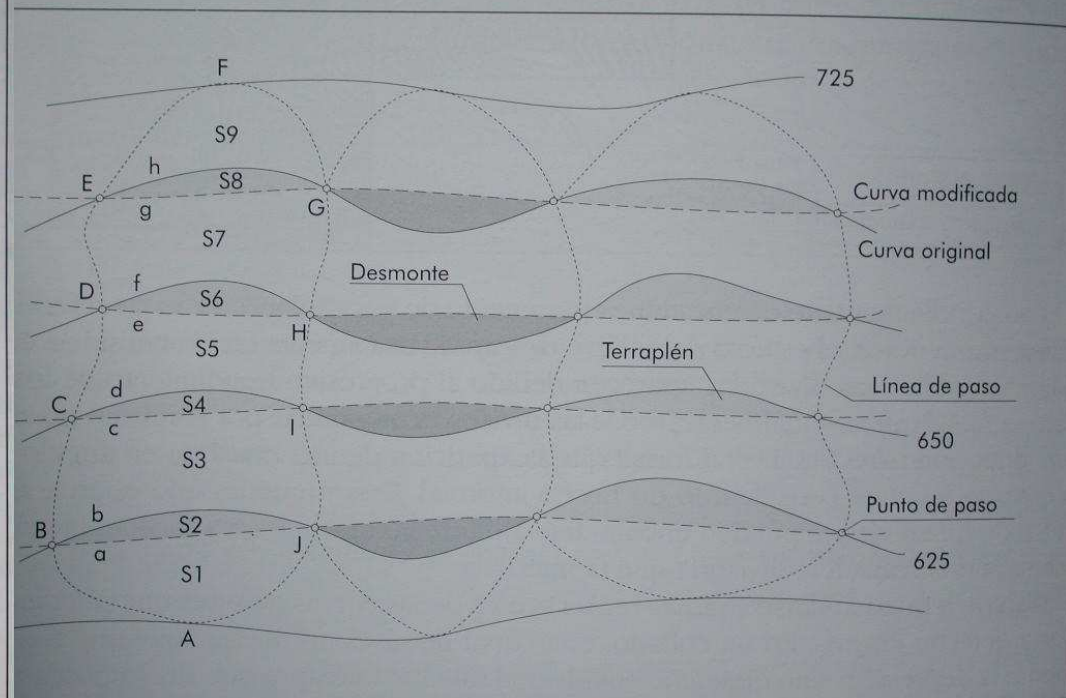




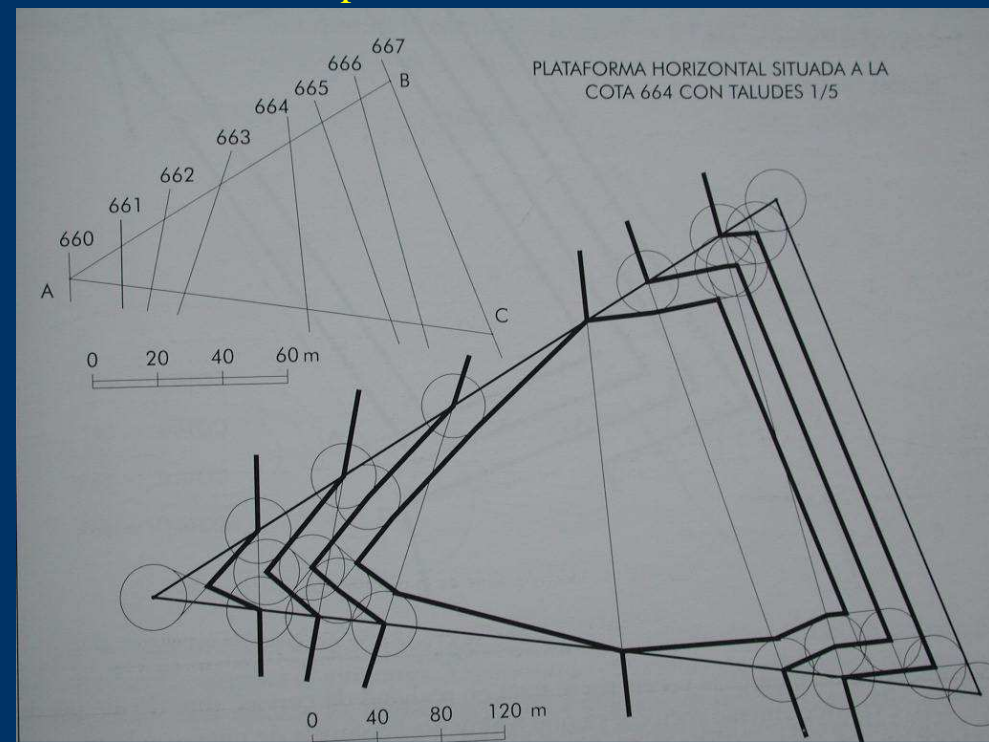
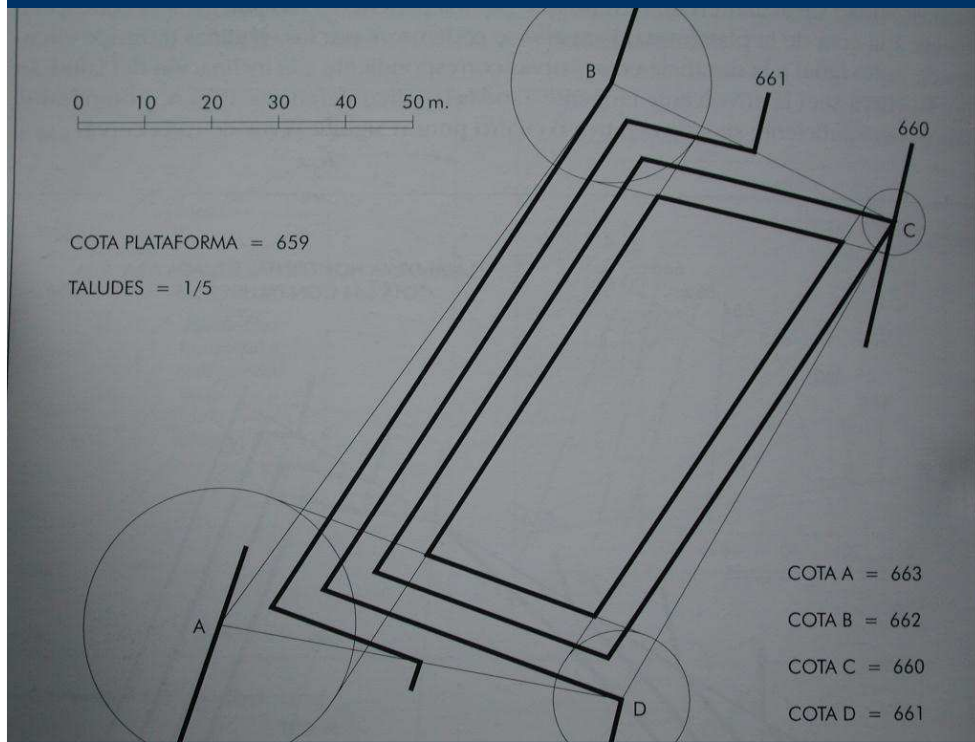
Naturaren baldintzak
Hidrologia ,klima ,topografia ...



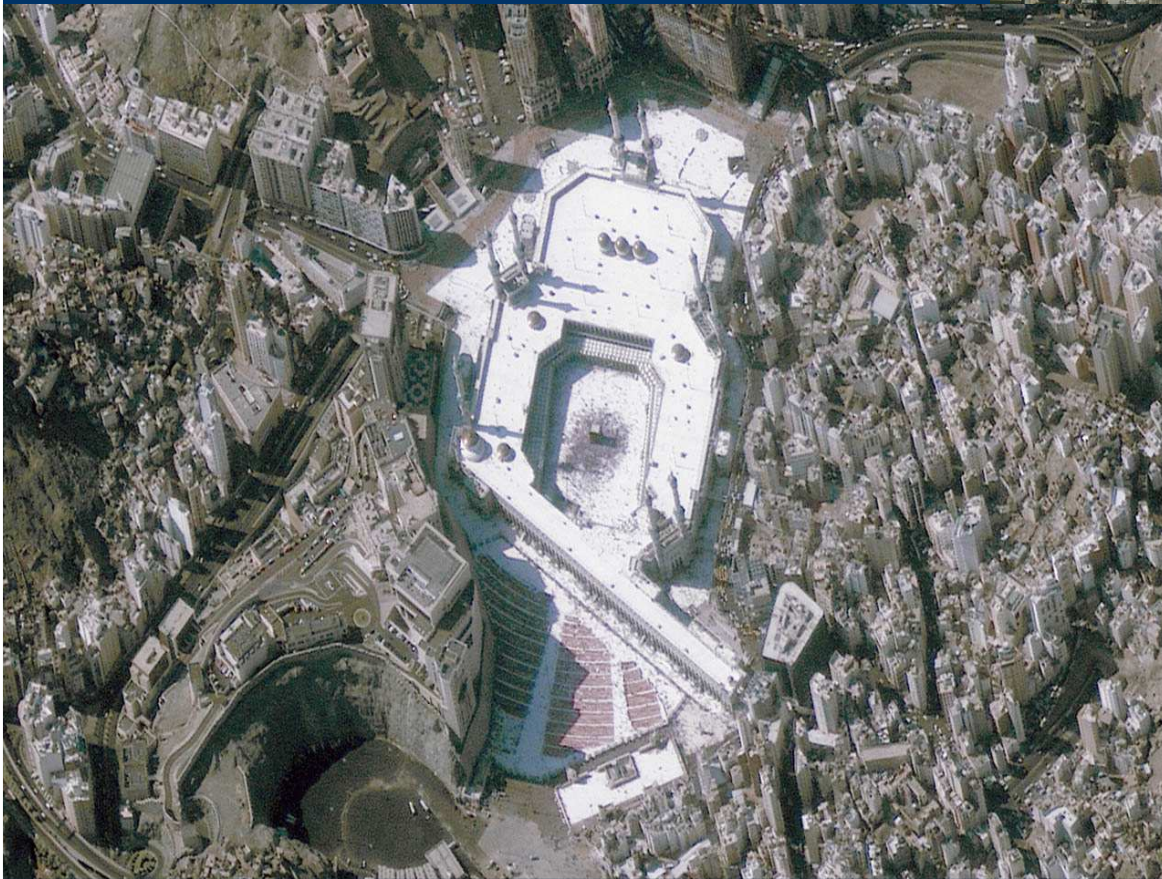
Talud del terreno: 1/6. Cota de la plataforma: 660.



TOPOGRAFIA : Luerauzketak eta ezpondak



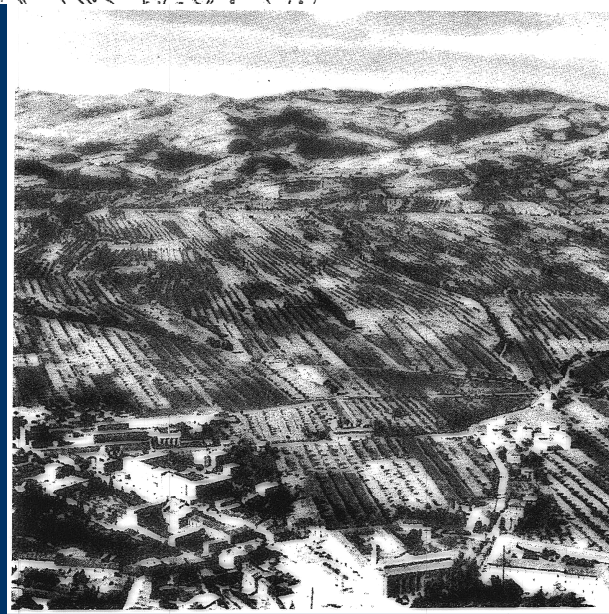
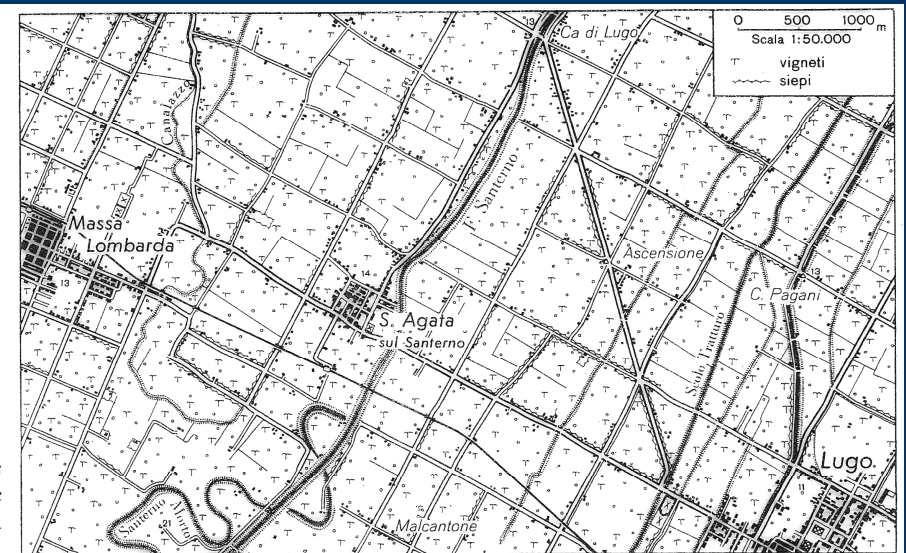
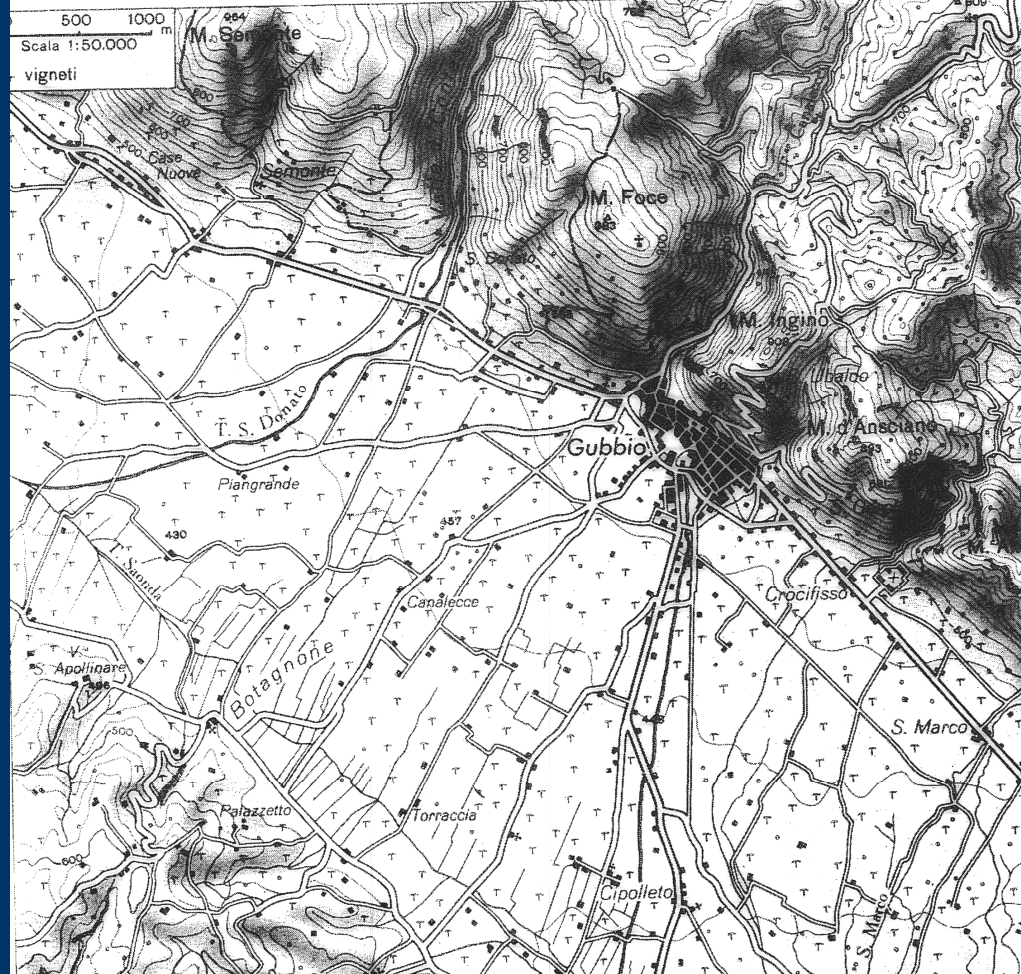
Gizarte mailako baldintzak



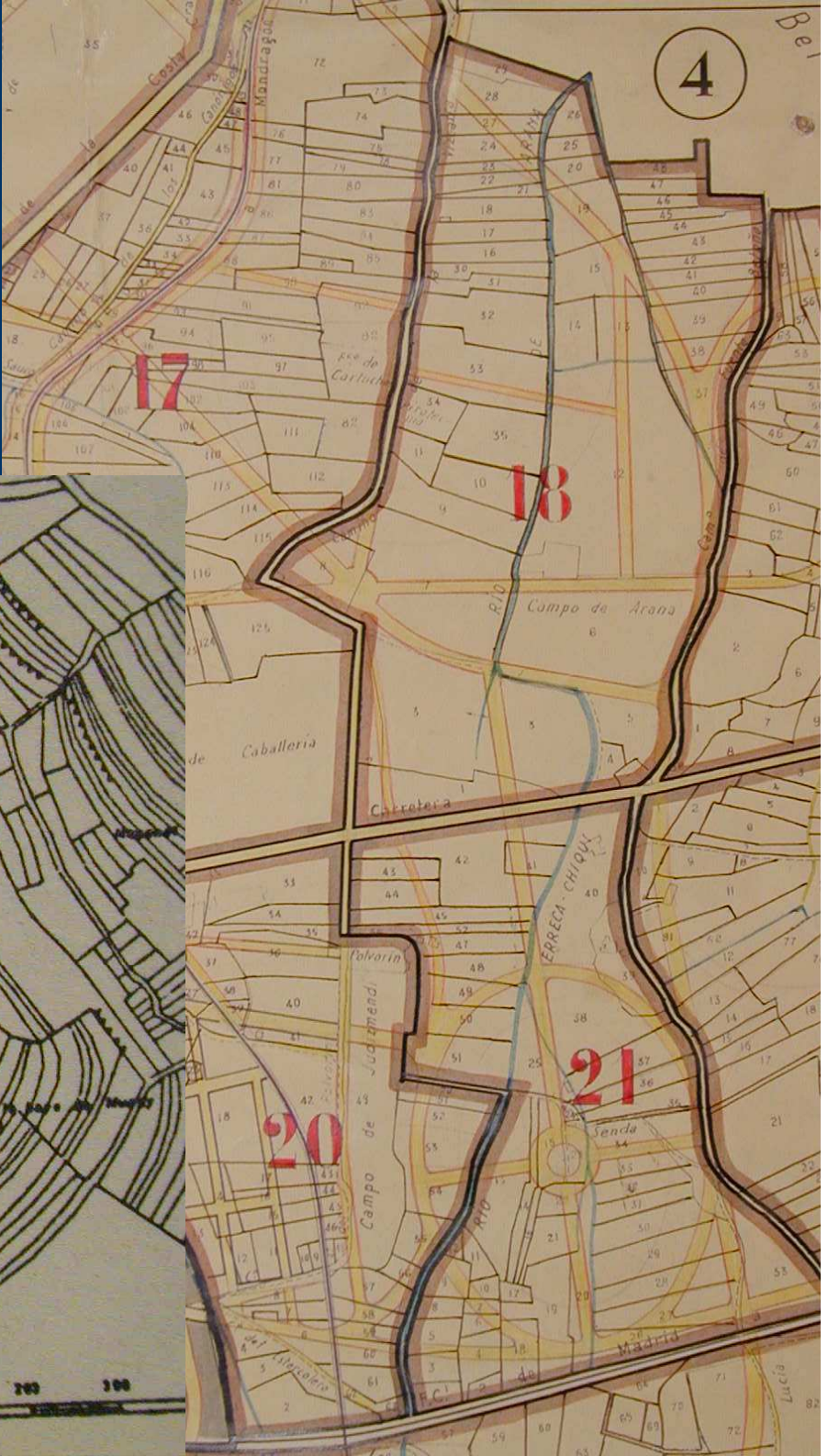
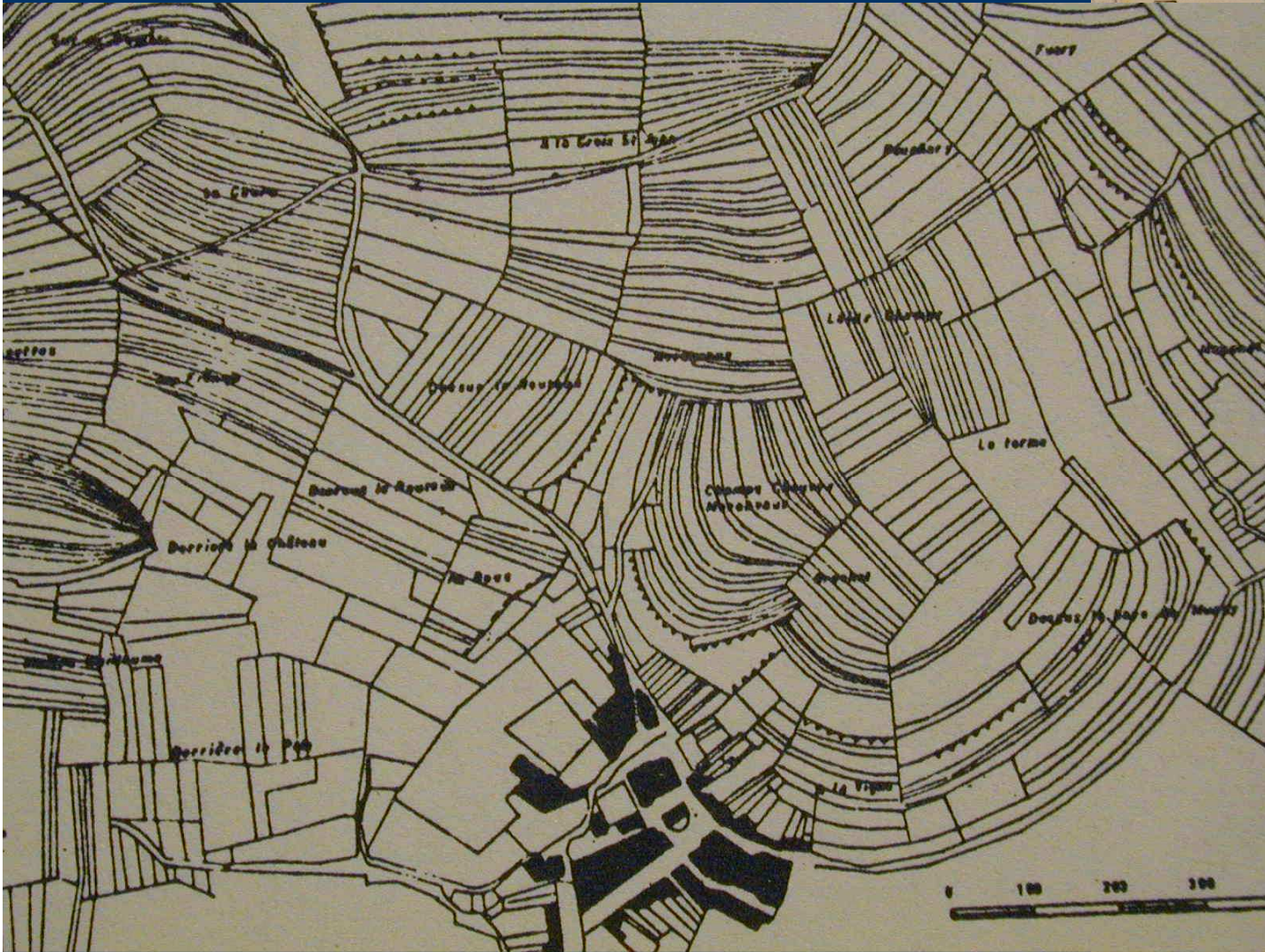
Boterea eta ekonomia

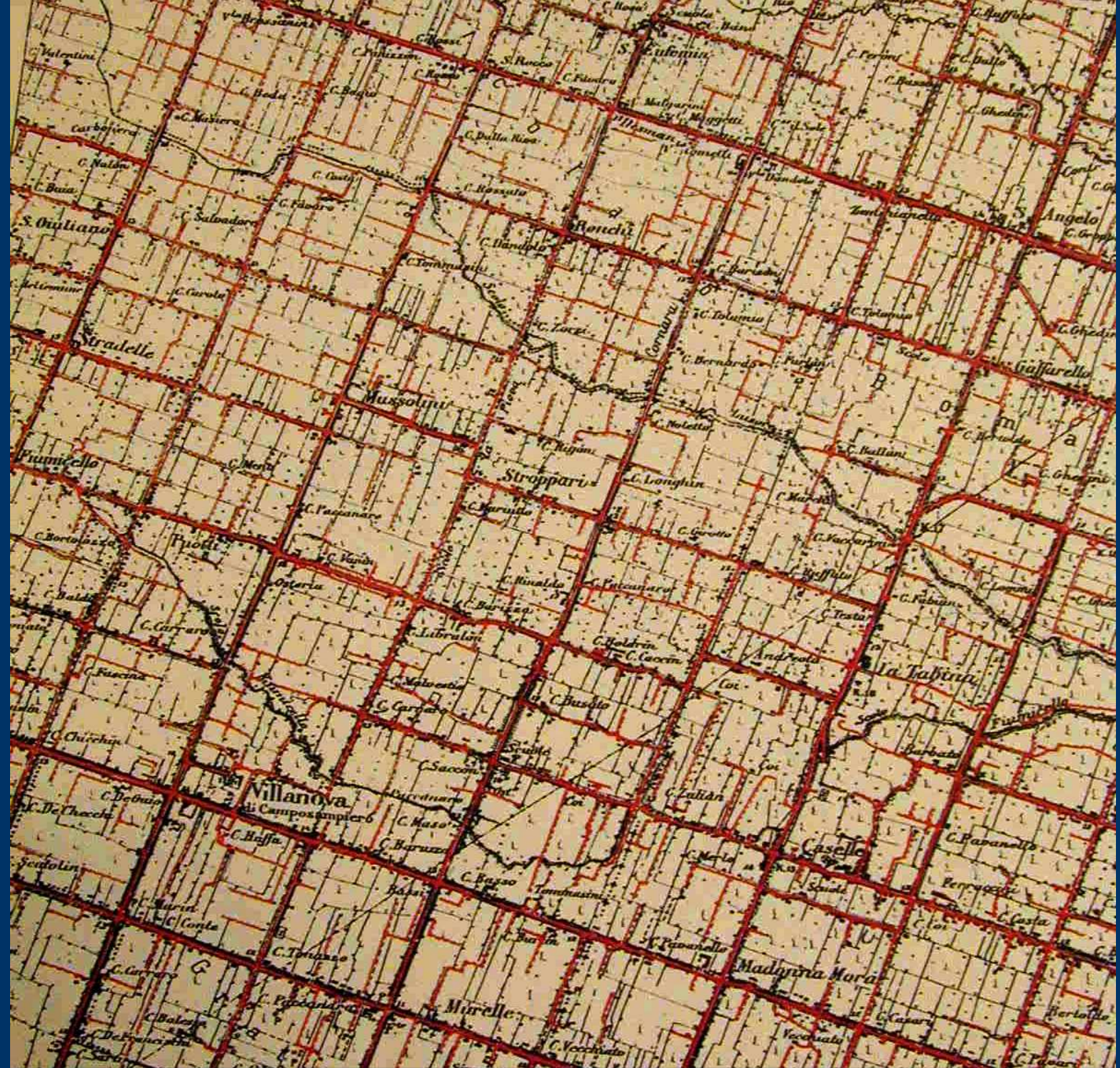
Historia: Iraunkortasuna





Jabetzaren egitura



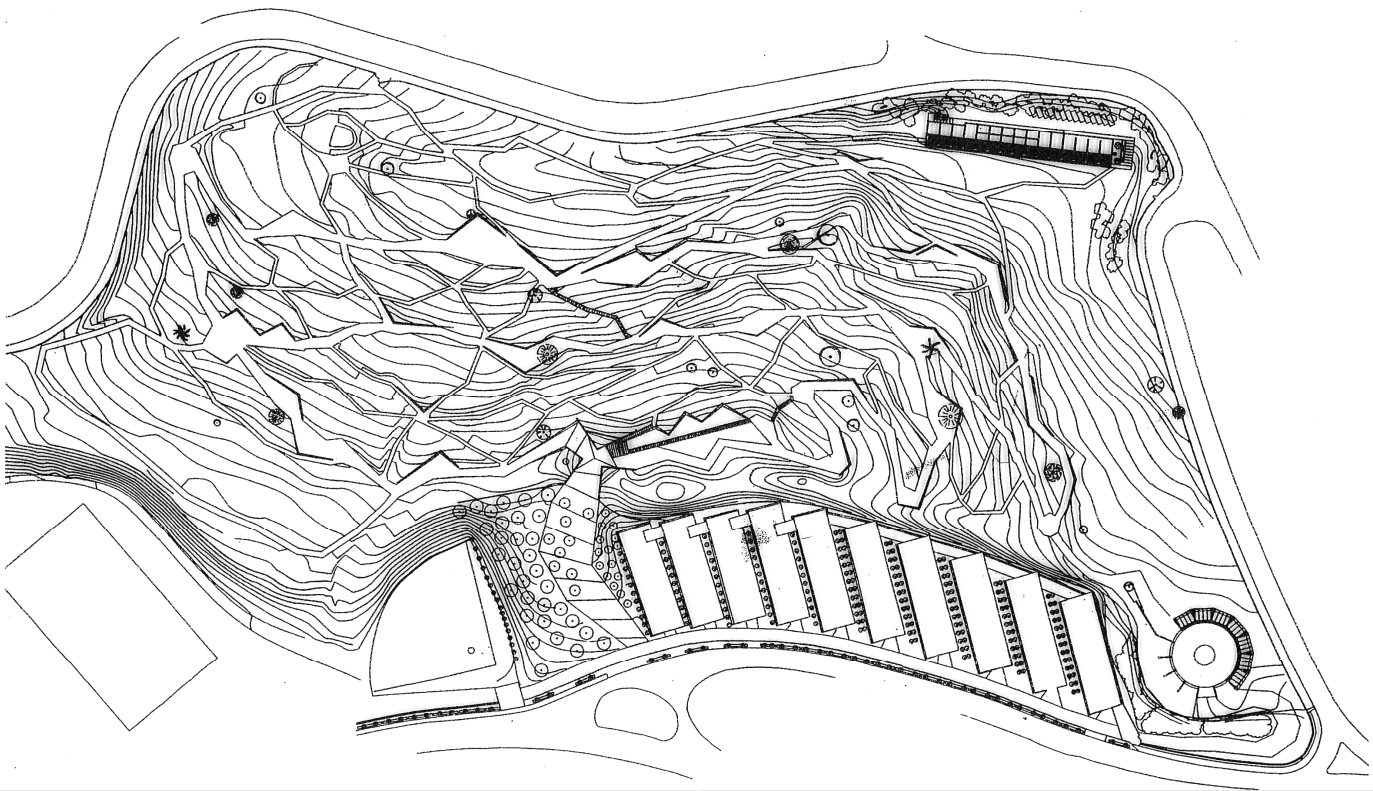
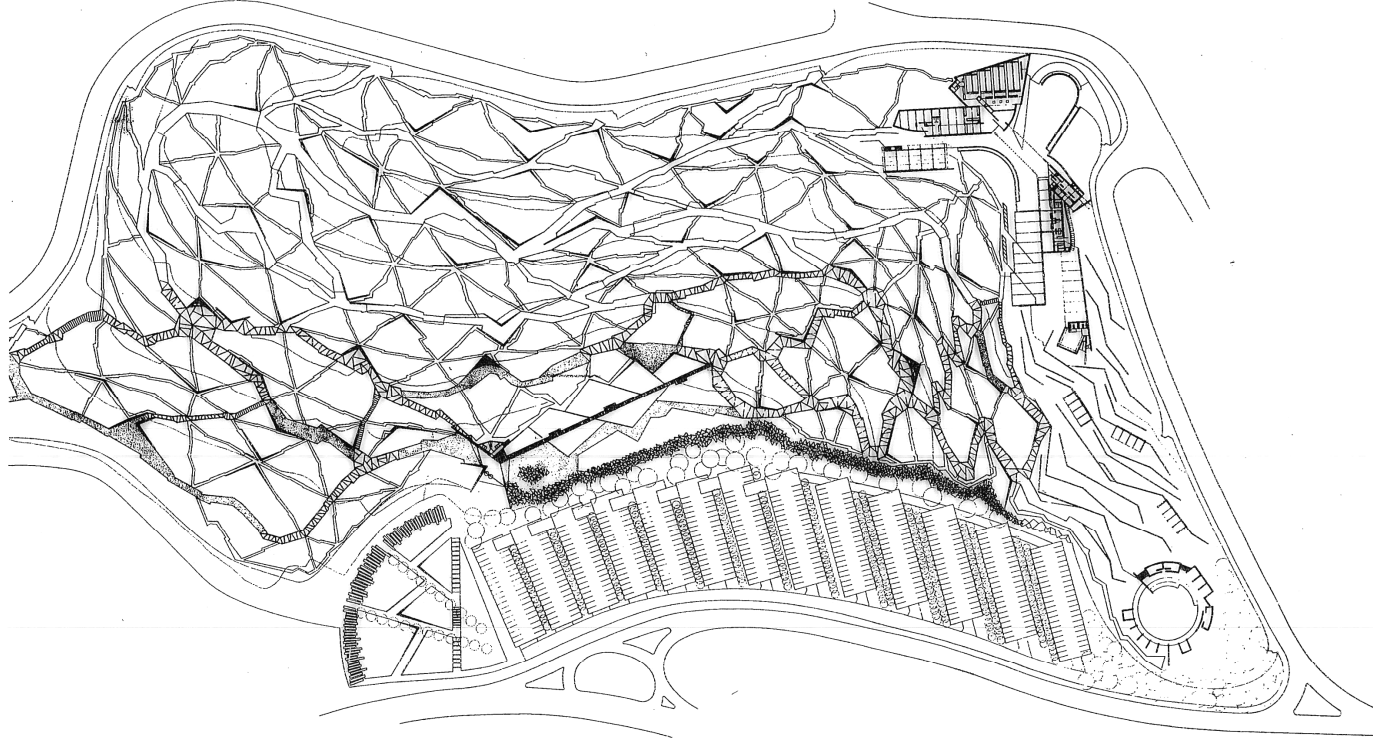


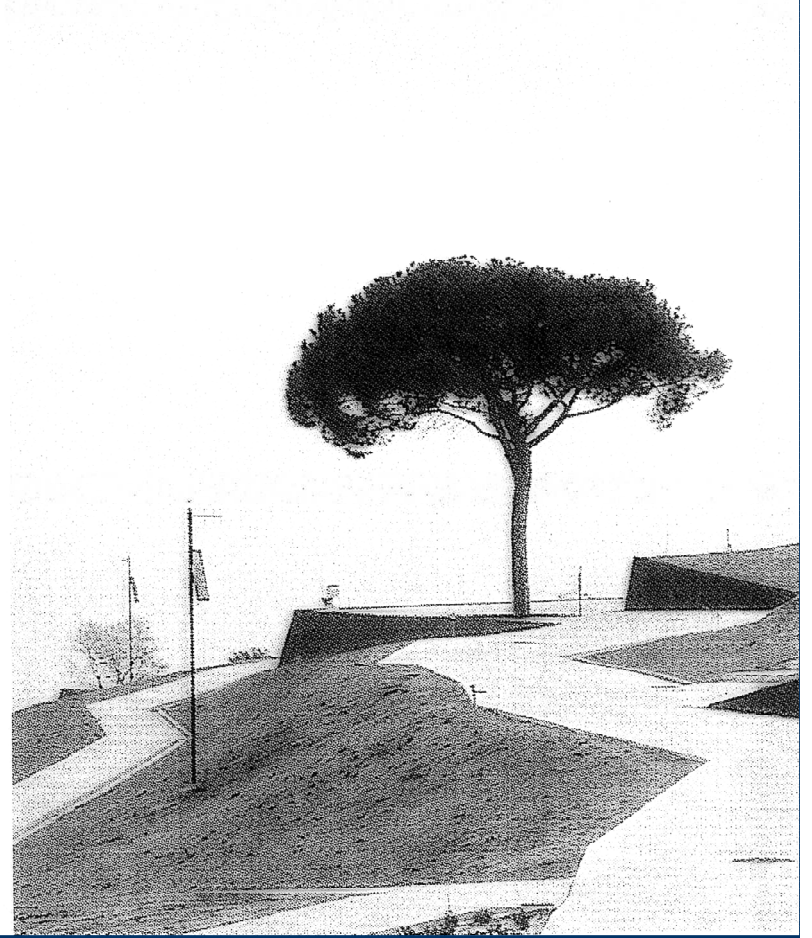
KULTURAREN ERAGINA:

gizakia eta bere inguruaren arteko harremana









Phosphate mines in the Negev; aerial view in 1991, in the initial phases of the works. No further virgin desert will be destroyed.

The method of reafforestation in semi-arid areas avoids erosion and creates an original landscape.

Minas de fosfatos de Negev: vista aérea en 1991, durante la fase inicial de las obras. En el futuro no se destruirá más desierto virgen.

El método de reforestación en las zonas semiáridas evita la erosión y crea un paisaje original.



Negev



View of the large circular plaza (48 m in diameter), the central feature from which the structural design unfolds.

The restructuring of the Crosca volcano combines geological history, ecology, landscaping and art.

General project plan.

Vista de la gran plaza circular de 48 m de diámetro, elemento central a partir del cual se despliega el diseño estructural.

En la reestructuración del volcán Crosca se combina historia geológica, ecología, paisajismo y arte.

Planta general del proyecto.

